INTRODUCTION
Access
The collection is open to the public and is available for viewing in the Medical Heritage Center. Materials do not circulate and must be used in the supervised reading room.

Restrictions, including copyright, may exist and some materials may be too fragile to photocopy or digitize. The MHC charges for duplication services, which must be performed by staff.

Citation
[Identification of item], Manuel Tzagournis, MD Papers, Spec.201701.Tzagournis, Medical Heritage Center, Health Sciences Library, The Ohio State University.

Processing Notes
This collection was processed March 14, 2017 by Anthony Bowersock and Kristin Rodgers.

Property Rights
The Ohio State University Medical Heritage Center owns the property rights to this collection.

Provenance
This material was donated to the Medical Heritage Center by Manuel Tzagournis in 2001.

Related Collections
Papers during the time Tzagournis was dean are located at The Ohio State University Archives.

HISTORICAL SKETCH
Manuel Tzagournis (1934 –) received his BS in 1956 and his MD in 1960 from OSU. While doing an internship at Philadelphia General Hospital, Tzagournis became particularly interested in diabetes mellitus thus leading him to practice endocrinology. Tzagournis has held numerous positions at OSU including Assistant Dean for Research and Continuing Medical Education; Secretary of the Faculty of the College of Medicine; Associate Dean; Medical Director for OSU Hospitals; Acting Dean (1980); Dean (1981-
1995); Vice President for Health Sciences (1994-2002); and Vice President and President of the University’s Managed Care System.

Tzagournis was a long serving and successful dean and, during his tenure, became the single best known representative of the Ohio State University College of Medicine programs in communications with the public and around campus.

From 1982 until 1996, Tzagournis was the NIH principal investigator for the General Clinical Research Center for the Ohio State University College of Medicine. In this role, he was responsible for the research productivity of a unit that housed patients being studied for special research programs, often with metabolic evaluation as a major part of the research.

Tzagournis is also known for having produced resolution in the dispute about the practice plan and for maintaining a widespread relationship with alumni as well as practicing physicians.

The Tzagournis Medical Research Facility was officially named in 1999 after Dr. Manuel Tzagournis. This eight story facility houses generic research laboratories and support facilities.

**SCOPE AND CONTENT NOTE**
The Manuel Tzagournis, MD Papers (1.5 linear feet) contains a plaque.

**CONTAINER LISTING**

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